

空軍航空技術學院 112 學年度【二年制技術系】甄試入學考試 英文試卷

選擇題：50 題（單選題，每題 2 分，共 100 分；請於答案卡上作答；答錯不倒扣）

第一部分：詞彙與文法結構(每題 2 分，共 80 分)

- A1. Writing emails _____ not as difficult as you think.
A. is
B. are
C. which is
D. which are
- C2. The bus was full, but Stanley saw an empty seat next to an old man. “_____ I sit here?” he asked him.
A. Should
B. Would
C. May
D. Will
- B3. The girls are in school every day until three o'clock in the afternoon. After that they _____ two hours playing basketball.
A. spent
B. spend
C. would spend
D. have spent
- C4. They ran into the house because the shower _____ falling harder and harder.
A. were
B. has been
C. was
D. will be
- D5. Mr. Lee teaches art at an elementary school in Tainan. He _____ there since 2015.
A. is
B. was
C. will be
D. has been
- A 6. Mike gained eight kilograms during the holidays, so he decided to go _____ a diet.
A. on
B. to
C. in
D. for
- C7. My father does the housework during the week, but my mother helps _____ on the weekends.
A. it
B. her
C. him
D. them
- B8. Elementary school students don't have as _____ classes as junior high students do.
A. more
B. many
C. most
D. much
- C9. When the meeting ended, my wife and I drove home. We went to bed immediately because _____ of us were very exhausted.
A. all
B. two
C. both
D. most
- D10. Please take your files and _____ it in the appropriate folders.
A. to separate
B. separating
C. separates
D. separate
- D 11. Hank needed a new pen, so he looked for a shop that sold _____.
A. products
B. bookcase
C. departments
D. stationery
- A12. After we ate the fried fish, our fingers were oily, so we asked the server for more _____.
A. napkins
B. packages
C. orders
D. menus
- D13. Sam was _____ because his grandfather had put more money in his brother's red envelope.
A. sneaky
B. humble
C. greedy
D. jealous
- C14. James told the doctor that he had _____ all night, and he gave him another kind of pill.
A. cured
B. crowd
C. coughed
D. clapped
- B15. Tim worked at the cafe last year, but he doesn't work there _____.
A. again
B. anymore
C. anywhere
D. anyway
- A16. In Korea, people bow when they meet each other. In the west, _____ hands is the usual custom.
A. shaking
B. shakes
C. shaken
D. shake
- C17. _____ you pick the doctor up at the LAS Airport next Monday evening?
A. Have
B. Are
C. Can
D. Did
- B18. The babysitter _____ with the baby since yesterday.
A. will be
B. has been
C. would be
D. is

- C19. The boss agreed to increase labors' _____ so they can make more money.
 A. arms
 B. permits
 C. wages
 D. risk
- D20. Sally and May usually _____ volleyball after schools, but I didn't see them there today.
 A. will play
 B. were playing
 C. played
 D. play
- D 21. My brother hates all _____, especially lady flies.
 A. nieces
 B. flutes
 C. nails
 D. bugs
- A 22. We asked the waitress for more _____. Because we have more friends come to join our dinner.
 A. menus
 B. packages
 C. books
 D. pens
- D 23. The temperature was so cold that the thin scarf wasn't _____.
 A. responsible
 B. changeable
 C. familiar
 D. effective
- C 24. Tammy hid the chocolate in her right hand. Then she showed both fists and said, "_____ where the chocolate is."
 A. Treat
 B. Raise
 C. Guess
 D. Collect
- B 25. Gigi worked at the restaurant last year, she wants to go back and work there _____.
 A. anymore
 B. again
 C. anywhere
 D. anyway
- A 26. The kid raced out of the room and bumped _____ a lady who was carrying a cup of tea.
 A. into
 B. at
 C. to
 D. on
- C 27. Dad, Andy's father doesn't have enough chairs for his dinner guests. He wants to borrow one of _____.
 A. them
 B. your
 C. ours
 D. hers
- B 28. Junior high school students don't have as _____ homework as senior high students do.
 A. more
 B. much
 C. most
 D. many

- C29. Both of those chickens live on Kobe's farm, but _____ on the right isn't his.
 A. both
 B. another
 C. the one
 D. the other
- D 30. Please separate your trash and _____ it in the correct bins.
 A. to put
 B. putting
 C. puts
 D. put
- D 31. The government _____ to build a new baseball stadium in preparation for the coming WBC.
 A. is going to plan
 B. which plans
 C. planning
 D. is planning
- A 32. New technology has _____ changed the way Bollywood movies are made.
 A. dramatically
 B. sincerely
 C. idly
 D. greedily
- D 33. This proposal for a new airplane _____ because the cost is too high.
 A. rejected
 B. has rejected
 C. had been rejected
 D. will be rejected
- C 34. _____ many desirable qualities which make it a useful material.
 A. Aluminum having
 B. That aluminum has
 C. Aluminum has
 D. Aluminum to have
- B 35. Mr. Hsu _____ his position as the new director of the school only a few days before the semester began.
 A. picked out
 B. took up
 C. bent over
 D. drove down
- A 36. So far this year five typhoons – three of them very strong – _____ northern Japan.
 A. have struck
 B. will strike
 C. have been struck
 D. were striking
- C 37. Depending on the _____ she is in, the manager will either thank you for your suggestion or fire you for criticizing her plan.
 A. emotion
 B. behavior
 C. mood
 D. attitude
- B 38. If a typist wishes to type rapidly, he _____ develop a rhythmic movement of his fingers.
 A. used to
 B. must
 C. would
 D. had to

- C 39. During the testing, a constant temperature of 25°C was _____ while the amount of sunlight was gradually increased.
- A. continued
 - B. performed
 - C. maintained
 - D. expanded

- D 40. Building _____ completed on time if more labors had been employed.
- A. needs to be
 - B. should have
 - C. will be
 - D. would have been

第二部分：克漏字測驗及閱讀測驗(每題 2 分，共 20 分)

Julia and her friends had a terrible night yesterday. While they were on their way to the Blue Mountains, they had a flat tire. Even though they had a spare tire in the truck, they still (41) upset because it was dark at night. In addition, they had to comfort their dog, (42) it was afraid of the dark. After they finally arrived the Blue Mountains and set up a tent, a raccoon came to (43) their food. Then, a thunderstorm started, so she had to get up and collect their clothes outside the tent. At 4:00 a.m., their dog started to (44) loudly and kept them awake (45) an hour. Then at 6:00, their alarm went off; it was time to get up and move on to next destination.

- B 41. A. feel B. felt C. feeled D. feet

- A 42. A. because B. before C. then D. but

- B 43. A. steel B. steal C. still D. stolen

- A 44. A. bark B. cried C. cries D. crying

- D 45. A. in B. during C. until D. for

Emily: Where were you? It's 7:00 p.m., and I've been waiting for you since 6:30 p.m.

Yuri: I'm sorry, but I told you I'd get here before 7:30 p.m.

What time did Peter get here?

- B 46. A. 4:00 p.m. B. 7:00 p.m. C. 7:30 p.m. D. 6:59 p.m.

Juliet: Have you ever made new friends online?

Kevin: Yes, I have. I have several close online friends.

Juliet: How did you start your friendship?

Kevin: I attended a virtual class.

- A 47. In their talks, how did Kevin know his online friends?

- A. He joined an online class.
- B. His friends were all online.
- C. He knew them via talking with them on his cellphone.
- D. He knew them in a virtual game.

When seeing a stranger in need, people react (48) his need differently. In psychology, the bystander effect and the Good Samaritan effect can illustrate these two reactions. A bystander is a person who sees the need and choose to watch without giving a (49); on the contrary, the Good Samaritan is a person who is willing to help the need. A bystander does not help because he is afraid of making mistakes and looking foolish when trying to help people. A Good Samaritan helps because he wants to help and he knows how it feels to be in (50). In addition, a Good Samaritan keeps up with other Good Samaritans, which means he/she is more likely to help others when he/she sees others doing good. So, when you see a stranger in need, will you be a bystander or a Good Samaritan?

B 48. A. with B. to C. in D. for

A 49. A. hand B. neck C. head D. foot

D 50. A. vain B. van C. pen D. pain

空軍航空技術學院 112 學年度【二年制技術系】甄試入學考試 國文試題

選擇題：50 題（單選題，每題 2 分，共 100 分；請於答案卡上作答；答錯不倒扣）

- (A) 1. 下列各組「 」中的國字，何者讀音兩兩相同？
(A)「汎」海／「泛」舟 (B)絕妙「好」辭／愛「好」 (C)盤「桓」／斷「垣」殘壁 (D)「誼」動／「渲」染。
- (C) 2. 下列「 」中的字，何者解釋錯誤？
(A)「盍」各言爾志：何不 (B)車、馬、衣、「裘」：皮衣 (C)無「伐」善：批評 (D)「敏」而好學：聰敏。
- (D) 3. 下列「 」中的疊字，何者意義與其他三者不同？
(A)「依依」不捨 (B)「戀戀」情深 (C)是以「區區」不能廢遠 (D)氣息「奄奄」。
- (C) 4. 下列文句中的「許」字，何者可解釋為「期許」？
(A)問渠那得清如「許」 (B)潭中魚可百「許」頭 (C)塞上長城空自「許」 (D)其女尚幼，未「許」於人
- (A) 5. 「南山烈烈，飄風發發。民莫不穀，我獨何害」謂人遭受到何種傷痛？
(A)父母雙亡 (B)手足亡故 (C)子女逝世 (D)朋友病逝。
- (A) 6. 下列選項中的詩句，何者最能表現內在心靈的寧靜？ (A)結廬在人境，而無車馬喧 (B)飄飄何所似？天地一沙鷗
(C)春江花朝秋月夜，往往取酒還獨傾 (D)塞上長城空自許，鏡中衰鬢已先斑。
- (B) 7. 「別出心裁、匠心獨運」二詞，意謂著什麼？
(A)作品充滿匠氣，令人驚訝 (B)有獨到的巧思與創新的格局 (C)獨抒己見，師心自用 (D)獨門絕藝，維護傳統。
- (D) 8. 王維〈辛夷塢〉一詩，哪一句最富禪意？ (A)木末芙蓉花 (B)山中發紅萼 (C)澗戶寂無人 (D)紛紛開且落。
- (C) 9. 下列選項皆出自〈岳陽樓記〉，其中何者的情境與「憂讒畏譏」形成相反對比？
(A)去國懷鄉 (B)政通人和 (C)寵辱偕忘 (D)把酒臨風。
- (A) 10. 「他帶來一股幽遠的澹香，連著一息滋潤的水氣，摩挲著你的顏面，輕繞著你的肩腰。」是形容下列何者？
(A)風息溫馴 (B)空氣明淨 (C)水氣瀟瀟 (D)花樹朦朧。
- (D) 11. 下列選項中的成語，何者意義與其他三者不同？ (A)不分軒輊 (B)齊足並馳 (C)工力悉敵 (D)大相逕庭。
- (C) 12. 「我這頭也不知修了什麼福，今兒這樣體面起來！」劉姥姥這段話，可看出她的個性如何？
(A)城府深沉 (B)忠厚質樸 (C)風趣詼諧 (D)溫婉賢淑。
- (B) 13. 「她們靦靦的臉容使我不敢向她們請教我心中的任何猜疑。一個老人坐在牆下的板凳上抽菸，冷漠地看著我，然後又急速低頭去撫搓瘦垂的小腿肉。」這段文字顯露出礦村裡的何種生活步調？
(A)遠離人境的閒逸 (B)對生活的無奈 (C)百無聊賴 (D)樂天知命。
- (A) 14. 〈黃州快哉亭記〉一文中「使其中坦然不以物傷性」的人生態度，與下列何者不相近？
(A)親親而仁民，仁民而愛物 (B)放身自得，以順處逆 (C)不以物喜，不以己悲 (D)適情順物，無入而不自得。
- (C) 15 孟子曰：「先王有不忍人之心，斯有不忍人之政矣。」此言意謂古代的帝王如何？
(A)有決心，就能建立霸業 (B)能忍氣吞聲，才能行仁政 (C)有善心，就有了仁政 (D)能夠忍耐，便可行王道。
- (B) 16. 「孝者，所以事君也；弟者，所以事長也；慈者，所以使眾也」，此句在表達什麼？
(A)一言僨事，一人定國 (B)治國之道在於先齊其家 (C)齊家者必先修其身 (D)平天下前必先治其國。
- (B) 17. 〈燭之武退秦師〉一文中，主要以哪種寫作方式來推展劇情？ (A)旁白敘述 (B)人物對白 (C)戰爭描寫 (D)心理分析。
- (D) 18. 以下「 」的疊字，何者為聲音的描摹？
(A)以身之「察察」 (B)受物之「汶汶」者乎 (C)「皓皓」之白 (D)大絃「嘈嘈」如急雨。
- (A) 19. 「那一雙傲慢的靴子至今還落在／高力士羞憤的手裡」此句將靴子比擬為人，展現傲慢的神態。下列詩句，何者同樣使用了擬人修辭？ (A)眾鳥高飛盡，孤雲獨去閒。相看兩不厭，只有敬亭山 (B)馬作的盧飛快，弓如霹靂弦驚。
(C)飄飄何所似？天地一沙鷗 (D)羽扇綸巾，談笑間檣櫓灰飛煙滅。
- (A) 20. 「好生著，別慌慌張張鬼趕著似的，仔細碰了牙子！」何者與上列文句語氣相近？ (A)姥姥，你上來走，仔細青苔滑了
(B)小蹄子們，還不攙起他來，只站著笑 (C)才說嘴，就打了嘴了 (D)又不是個小孩兒，還這麼淘氣，仔細老太太說。
- (D) 21. 「扮一個牧童，扮一個漁翁，裝一個農夫，裝一個走江湖的桀卜閃，裝一個獵戶。」此段文句在修辭法上採什麼手法？
(A)頂針 (B)轉化 (C)借代 (D)排比。
- (B) 22. 下列文句，何者沒有語意矛盾的情形？ (A)他凡事要求完美，沒有一件事是馬虎不得的
(B)一個以無恥為恥辱的人，應該不會做出無恥的事情 (C)平時就該養成珍惜水資源的習慣，切莫有水當思無水之苦
(D)這項措施突破原來所沒有的限制，讓外校同學也可以報名參加。
- (D) 23. 「□□□□，正賴有能力的人們一同打拼，使社會漸趨穩定。」□□□□中不可填入以下何者？
(A)世變日亟 (B)時變方殷 (C)國步顛躓 (D)坎坷不遇。
- (B) 24. 《孫子兵法·始計篇》：「兵者，國之大事，死生之地，存亡之道，不可不察也。」這段話可顯示孫子的何種思想？
(A)全勝 (B)慎戰 (C)詭道 (D)王道。
- (A) 25. 〈秦晉殽之戰〉文中，燭之武遊說秦君時所言：「若舍鄭以為東道主，行李之往來，共其乏困，君亦無所害。」意即運用何種詭道？ (A)利而誘之 (B)亂而取之 (C)卑而驕之 (D)強而避之。
- (B) 26. 「蒹葭蒼蒼，白露為霜」所表現的季節為 (A)初秋 (B)深秋 (C)初春 (D)初冬。
- (C) 27. 「人生幾何？離闊如此！」主要是感慨： (A)人生太短 (B)政治黑暗 (C)分離久遠 (D)朋友寡情。
- (D) 28. 在〈翡冷翠在下雨〉一文中，作者選擇甚麼主題作為前後呼應的佈局？ (A)地靈人傑 (B)建築藝術 (C)古今歷史 (D)雨。

- (C) 29. 在〈長安日遠〉一文，被歸類在「夙慧」篇的原因為何？
 (A)歌頌晉元帝領導有方 (B)讚揚晉元帝教育成功 (C)凸顯晉明帝的早慧 (D)敘寫晉明帝懂得見機行事。
- (D) 30. 請問法家下列人物與流別配對，何者有誤？(A)尚利派—管仲 (B)尚法派—商鞅 (C)尚術派—申不害 (D)尚術派—韓非。
- (C) 31. 請問下列選項的數字中，何者為虛數？ (A)此「二」家之言，孰急於國 (B)斬「一」首者，爵一級
 (C)申不害雖「十」使昭侯用術 (D)欲為官者，為「五十」石之官。
- (A) 32. 下列配對何者有誤？(A)漢武帝—劉邦 (B)淮陰侯—韓信 (C)成安君—陳餘 (D)廣武君—李左車。
- (C) 33. 《韓非·定法》中「術者，因任而授官，循名而責實。」句中「責實」意指：
 (A)訪求有實才之人 (B)要求實際利益 (C)考核應盡之職守 (D)調查實效利益。
- (A) 34. 請問下列何句表示若作戰後勤供給太遠，糧食不濟，則士兵有餓餒之虞？
 (A)千里饋糧，士有譏色 (B)置之亡地而後存 (C)車不得方軌，騎不得成列 (D)十則圍之，倍則戰之。
- (C) 35. 《史記》中有「本紀」、「表」、「書」、「世家」、「列傳」凡百三十篇，請問「世家」中所記載的內容為何？
 (A)典章制度 (B)重要大事記 (C)諸侯之傳記 (D)帝王之傳記。
- (D) 36. 試問「人所以不知畏者，特習之而不察耳！」「特」字如何解釋？ (A)獨特 (B)特別 (C)特出 (D)僅是。
- (B) 37. 「殺身滅國，項背相望，豈不甚可畏耶？」「項背相望」意指： (A)頭顱與背部堆疊，形容傷亡眾多
 (B)相接而至，形容前後相繼不絕 (C)敵人環伺，形容處境窘迫 (D)遠望背影，形容家人四散分離。
- (B) 38. 關於〈管仲言宴安〉一文，主旨為何？ (A)為人處世之道，積極逆向思考 (B)君子莊敬自強，居安思危之道
 (C)言行舉止，應當效法君子 (D)以言警世者，不可為駭世之論。
- (D) 39. 下列典故成語，何者與韓信有關？ (A)一字千金 (B)一笑千金 (C)一諾千金 (D)一飯千金。
- (D) 40. 「輜重」意指： (A)戰車 (B)將士 (C)火器 (D)糧草。
- (D) 41. 〈背水陣〉若拍成電影，其中不會出現何人？ (A)趙歇 (B)李左車 (C)陳餘 (D)劉邦。
- (B) 42. 用兵之法中的「不若則能避之」，意同十二詭道中的何者？ (A)能而示之不能 (B)強而避之 (C)卑而驕之 (D)親而離之。
- (C) 43. 《孫子兵法·謀攻》主張的作戰理念，正確的是：
 (A)破國為上 (B)上兵攻城 (C)知己知彼，百戰不殆 (D)百戰百勝，善之善者也。
- (D) 44. 《孫子兵法》中，以下何者為戰爭之最上策？ (A)伐兵 (B)伐交 (C)攻城 (D)伐謀。
- (B) 45. 莊子借「庖丁解牛」的寓言故事，以無厚入有間，恢恢乎其於游刃必有餘地矣。比喻：
 (A)為學之道 (B)養生之道 (C)用人之道 (D)治國之道。
- (B) 46. 下列何者非燭之武退秦師所使用的謀略？ (A)伐謀 (B)伐兵 (C)伐交 (D)不戰而屈人之兵。
- (C) 47. 「游刃有餘」一語典出於何人？ (A)王羲之 (B)老子 (C)莊子 (D)孔子。
- (A) 48. 《孫子兵法·始計》中「七計」為「五事」的延伸，其中「法」的延伸不包括
 (A)將孰有能 (B)兵眾孰強 (C)法令執行 (D)賞罰孰明。
- (C) 49. 《孫子兵法·作戰》中說：「兵貴□，不貴□。」空格依序為：(A)戰、用 (B)緩、急 (C)勝、久 (D)強、弱。
- (D) 50. 孫子主張作戰時應採取何種措施，以減輕己方因戰爭所產生的通貨膨脹壓力？
 (A)堅壁清野 (B)算食壺漿 (C)遠交近攻 (D)因糧於敵。